

MAU-003-038103

Seat No.

B. Voc. (Medical Laboratory & Molecular Diagnostic Technology) (Sem. I) (CBCS) Examination October / November - 2016

MLMDT-1.3: Basics of Biochemistry, Instruments & Reagents

		Faculty Code : 003 Subject Code : 038103
Time	e : 2	$2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours] [Total Marks : 70
Inst	ructi	ions: (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Figures on right indicate marks.
1	Ansv	wer the following:
	(1)	Write any one example of aldo and keto sugar.
	(2)	The general formula of monosaccharide is
	(3)	Carbohydrates are Polyhydroxy aldehydes and ketones. True / False ?
	(4)	bond is found in protein.
	(5)	Give two examples of negatively charged amino acids.
	(6)	Hemoglobin is an example of chromoprotein. True / False ?
	(7)	Write two examples of unsaturated fatty acids.
	(8)	Write the short hand form of palmitic acid.
	(9)	Chylomicrons is an example of lipoprotein. True/ False?
	(10)	Give two examples of non reducing sugar.
	(11)	To grow bacteria at optimum temperatureinstrument is used.
	(12)	Define molarity.
	(13)	Give example of steroid lipid.
	(14)	Define pH.
	(15)	Molar equivalence between purines and pyrimidines in DNA was given by
MAU	J -003 -	-038103 l 1 [Contd

	(16)	Bon is _	d between two adjacent nucleotides in DNA molecule 		
	(17)	The most abundant form of RNA in cell is			
	(18)	Wha	at are isoenzymes?		
	(19)	Give	e two names of enzymes.		
	(20)	Writ	te two equipments helpful in sterilization		
2	(a)	Ans	wer in brief: (any 3) $3\times 2=0$	3	
		(1)	Write difference between homopolysaccharide and heteropolysaccharide.		
		(2)	What are Polar amino acids? Give examples.		
		(3)	Give two common names of saturated fatty acids		
		(4)	Define enzyme. What do you mean by catalytic site of an enzyme ?		
		(5)	How will you make one molar solution of any compound?		
		(6)	Write principle of colorimeter.		
	(b)	Ans	wer in brief: (any 3) 3×3=9	•	
		(1)	State the functions of carbohydrates.		
		(2)	What is α -helix structure of protein?		
		(3)	Write the comparison of different DNA.		
		(4)	What are allosteric enzymes ?		
		(5)	Write a note on triglyceride.		
		(6)	Write difference between autoclave and hot air oven.		
	(c)	Ans	wer in detail : (any 2) $2 \times 5 = 10$)	
		(1)	Describe Watson and Crick model of DNA.		
		(2)	Discuss transamination reactions.		
		(3)	Discuss beta oxidation of fatty acid.		
		(4)	Describe microscope.		
		(5)	Discuss enzyme classification.		

3 (a) Answer in brief: (any 3)

- $3\times2=6$
- (1) Define reducing sugars with examples.
- (2) Draw the structures of two positively charged amino acids.
- (3) Enlist the different types of RNA.
- (4) Write the functions of lipids.
- (5) Explain Isoelectric pH and Zwitterion
- (6) Enlist different types of microscopes.
- (b) Answer in brief: (any 3)

 $3\times3=9$

- (1) Draw the structure of t-RNA.
- (2) Write a brief note on ribozyme.
- (3) Define: Cofactor, Coenzyme, prosthetic group.
- (4) What is the working principle of pH meter?
- (5) Write the structure and importance of cholesterol molecule.
- (6) Write the functions of nucleic acids.
- (c) Answer in detail: (any 2)

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (1) Write a note on enzyme inhibition.
- (2) Explain urea cycle.
- (3) Write a note on flame photometer.
- (4) Discuss phospholipids
- (5) Briefly explain classification of carbohydrates with any example.